# Wolf Habitat Teacher Picture Show for Zoo Visits

Phillips Park Zoo Aurora, IL

#### Wolf Habitat

- Shelter, Temperature and Protection
- "The wolves have actually added to their habitat by creating and digging new burrows under bushes and tree trunks. Here they can rest, cool off in the shade, huddle together for warmth, protect themselves for the elements, and even take a break from all the visitors they have. In fact, wolves are naturally shy, especially form humans. In the wild, dens such as these provide a place for birthing and protecting wolf cubs and storing food after a successful hunt."









# Wolf Habitat

- Water
- "Wolves receive water from the zookeepers by means of a pump and pool located at the rear of the exhibit. There are also small pools that collect rainwater that the animals may drink from throughout the day and night."

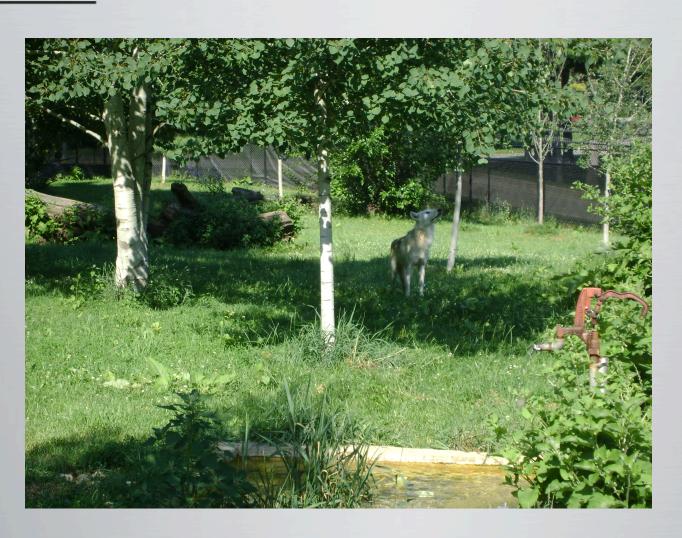
#### Water



#### Water



#### Water



#### Wolf Habitat

- Food
- "Wolves are one of the most well known carnivores in nature. That means that their diet consists of meat. The Phillips Park zoo has meat that is specially prepared for the wolves. Also, they sometimes get a very special treat when they receive dead animal meat from around the area. In this way, the wolves at the zoo continue to help nature and the food cycle by using their carnivorous appetites to dispose of carcasses."













# Wolf Habitat

- Air and Space
- "Wolves are a very playful species and use activities to help train younger members of the pack to interact. By playing, the wolves are learning how to hunt, live together and survive. Here at Phillips Park Zoo, the wolves have plenty of room to run, climb and play. This keeps them very active. Depending on the weather and the mood of these animals, you may see the wolves playing and running. Some of these activities are done at night or after zoo hours because wolves are very nocturnal."

















